State of Alaska **Epidemiology**



Bulletin

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Bulletin No. 23 December 18, 1990

HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE b (Hib) CONJUGATE VACCINE NOW AVAILABLE FOR IMMUNIZATION OF ALASKAN INFANTS YOUNGER THAN 15 MONTHS OF AGE

On October 5, the Centers for Disease Control announced that the U.S. Food and Drug Administration had approved the Lederle-Praxis Haemophilus b conjugate vaccine (HibTITERTM) for use in infants in a three-dose immunization series at 2, 4 and 6 months of age. The American Academy of Pediatrics subsequently issued new recommendations for the use of HibTITERTM in infants.

In Alaska and in other states, implementation of the new ACIP recommendations for use of HibTITERTMat earlier ages was temporarily delayed while the State sought funding for additional vaccine and waited for a new federal vaccine contract to be established. The Alaska Immunization Program has now successfully negotiated funding that will allow us to provide HibTITERTM in sufficient quantities to implement the new immunization schedule statewide

Three Hib Polysaccharide-Protein Conjugate Vaccines (HbCVs) are currently licensed for use in the United States (Table 1).

Table 1. Hib Conjugate Vaccines Licensed by the FDA:							
<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Abbreviation</u>	Trade Mark	Carrier Protein				
Connaught Laboratories	PRP-D	ProHIBit TM	Diphtheria Toxoid				
Praxis Biologics, Inc. (Distributed by Lederle Laboratories)	НВОС	HibTITER™	CRM197 (A nontoxic mutant diphtheria toxin)				
Merck Sharp & Dohme	PRP-OMP	PedVAXHIB™	OMP (an outer-membrane protein complex of Neisseria Meningitidis)				

The State Immunization Program will supply both HibTITERTM and ProHIBitTM (the Connaught product) to Alaska Health Care Providers. ProHIBitTM is not approved for administration in children less than 15 months of age. HibTITERTM vaccine previously distributed to Alaskan Health Care Providers may now be used in the new infant immunization schedule; however, ProHIBitTM should be offered only as a booster dose at age 15 months (following a series of HibTITER□) or as a child's first dose at age 15 months or older.

HBCVs are administered intramuscularly and can be given at separate sites at the same time as DTP, MMR, polio and hepatitis B vaccines. All children under age 5 years should be vaccinated against Hib disease. The state of Alaska recommends the following Hib immunization schedules, based on recommendations of the Immunization Practices Advisory Committee:

Table 2. Routine HbCV Schedule for Infants Beginning Immunization at 2 Months of Age						
Dose	Age in Months	<u>Vaccine</u>				
Primary Series (3 Doses)	2, 4, and 6	HibTITER TM ProHIBit TM or HibTITER TM				
Booster	15					

HbCV	Immunization Sch	Table 3 redule for Children Older than	. 2 Months of Age at the Time of the First	Dose
Age (mos.) at time of first dose	# of Doses in Primary Series (HibTITER TM)	Interval Between Primary Series Doses	Booster Dose (HibTITER TM ProHIBit TM)	Total # Doses HbCV
3-6	3	2 mos. (minimum 1 mo.)	1 dose at 15 months or after	4
7-11	2	2 mos. (minimum 1 mo.)	1 dose at 15 months or after	3
12-14	1	-	1 dose at 15 mos. or after (at least one month should separate this dose from the prior dose)	2
15-59	0	-	1 dose	1
>59			1 dose if child has a chronic illness known to be associated with an increased risk of Hib type b disease ¹	0-1

Different <u>primary</u> immunization schedules are recommended for HibTITERTM and PedVAXHIBTM which was also recently approved for administration in infancy. To reduce potential confusion, the State Immunization Program will supply only HibTITERTM for the primary series. We also suggest that providers write the name of the manufacturer of the HbCV administered on the child's health record.